

All About Plug-ins for ArchivesSpace

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Agenda

- What is an ArchivesSpace plug-in?
 - Overview
 - When and when not to use one
 - Examples and finding plug-ins
- What if I can't use plug-ins?
- Project management and plug-ins
- Steps to create and use plug-ins
- Getting help with developing plug-ins and finding a wider audience



What is an ArchivesSpace plug-in?

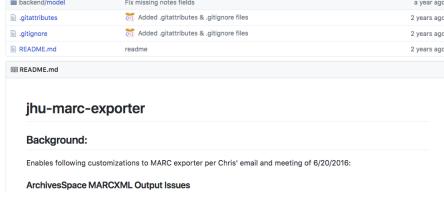
ArchivesSpace plug-ins provide a mechanism to customize ArchivesSpace by overriding or extending functions without changing the core codebase. As they are self-contained, they also permit the ready sharing of packages of customization between ArchivesSpace instances.



When should you use a plug-in?

 To add institution-specific extended functionality, style, branding, and customizations

- Examples:
 - Customizing exporters
 - Setting required fields
 - Auto-generating DOIDs, accession numbers, etc.
 - Modifying labels
 - Customizing staff or public display





When shouldn't you use a plugin (in a perfect world)

- Obvious bugs
 - Bugs should be reported to the program and fixes incorporated into the core code
 - You may still wish to expedite the fix by implementing a plug-in in the interim, and may even wish to submit a pull request back to the core code!
- One-off data needs
- When you can't commit to a maintenance plan





Maintenance considerations

- New releases may impact the efficacy (or even the need for) your plug-in
- Pay attention to release notes and always confirm your plug-ins are still working as intended before upgrading
- Example:
 - JHU MARC exporter initially included bug fix for AR-1189
 - JHU PUI plug-in (not surprisingly) broken post-2.1





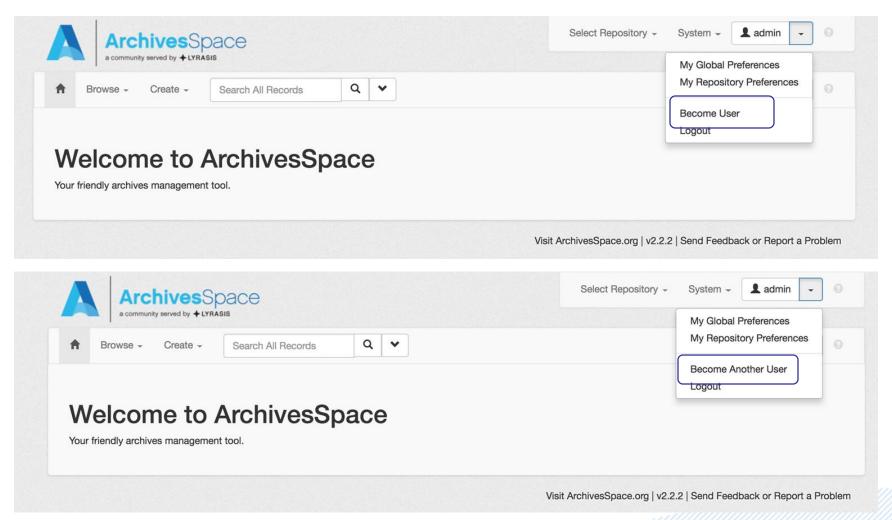
Some simple plug-in examples

- Customizing field and option labels
- Moving branding image from right to left
- Customizing MARC exporter





Customizing field and option labels







Customizing field and option labels

 To override some part of a locale file for the staff interface, you can just add the following structure to the local plug-in:

plugins/local/frontend/locales/en.yml

 For example, to change the text in the become-user pull-down entry, put this in the en.yml file mentioned above:

en:

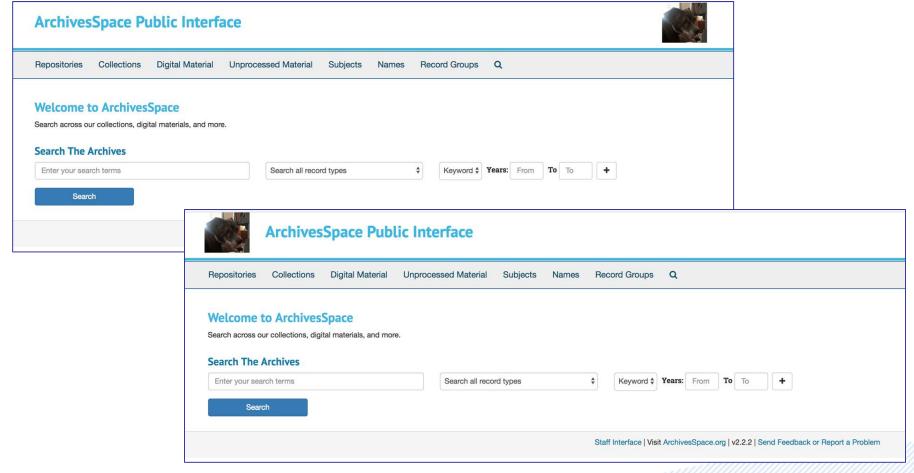
navbar:

become-user: Become Another User

Restart ArchivesSpace











The placement of the branding image is handled by the public/app/views/shared/_header.html.erb file, so in order to change the position from right to left, the file needs to be overridden in a plug-in.

The contents of the core code public/app/views/shared/_header.html.erb is:



In the plugins/local/public/views directory, add a new directory called shared and create a file called "header.html.erb" there.

Add this snippet to the

plugins/local/public/views/shared/_header.html.erb file:





So what did this change do?

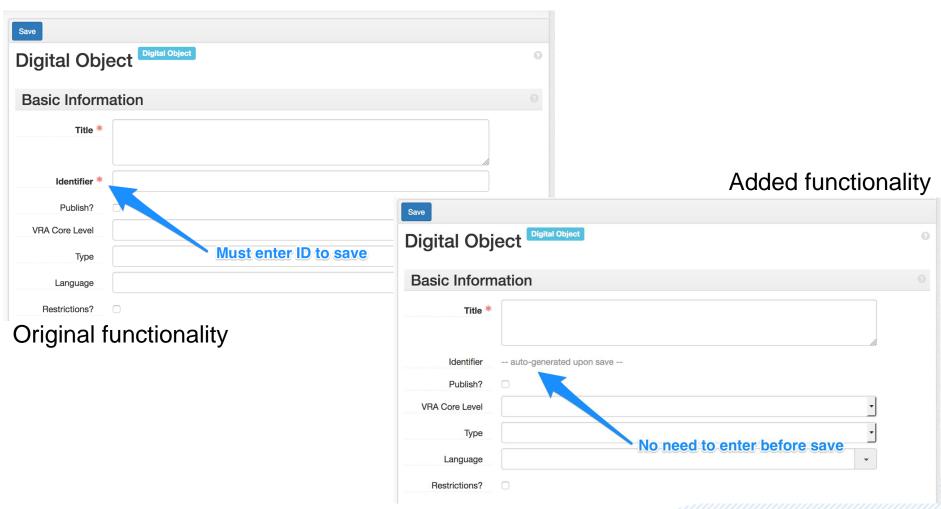
It swapped the order of the two <div> tags in the erb file. By putting the <div> that handles the branding image before the <div> that handles the text that displays, the columns where these <div> tags are rendered are rearranged.

Don't forget to restart ArchivesSpace to be able to see the change!



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Autogenerating Digital Object IDs





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Autogenerating Digital Object IDs

- ArchivesSpace's Digital Object records require an identifier, defined as:
 - A unique identifier for the digital object as a whole. May be an ARK, HANDLE, a URI, or any string that uniquely identifies the digital object. The field needs to be completed for a valid METS record to be exported.
- What if you have nothing obvious to use to populate that field? Can we autogenerate a random hash to fill this field?
 - Yes!
- ArchivesSpace already uses the secureRandom.hex Ruby method to do exactly this elsewhere in the application
- Create a plug-in that modifies:
 - backend/model/digital_object.rb
 - Call SecureRandom.hex on initial save.
 - frontend/views/digital_objects/_form_container.html.erb
 - Display text informing user that field will be autogenerated on save
 - schemas/digital_object.rb
 - Set hex pattern and do not require field for initial save





Autogenerating Digital Object IDs

- Go to <u>https://github.com/lorawoodford/autogenerat</u> e-doid
- Navigate to archivesspace/plugins and either git clone or download and unzip autogenerate-doid
- Add 'custom-marc-exporter' to config/config.rb UNder AppConfig[:plugins]
- Restart ArchivesSpace





Finding plug-ins

- If you have a need and it's not met in the application, chances are someone else has had it too - and may have created a plug-in for it
 - Look at
 https://github.com/archivesspace/archivesspace/tree/
 /master/plugins and
 https://github.com/archivesspace-labs
 - Search github for "archivesspace"
 - Lots of cool development going on by many community members





What if I can't use plug-ins?

If you don't host your own ArchivesSpace or if your IT support is skeptical or overwhelmed, what then?

- Talk to your IT folks/host
 - Build trust/confidence with small steps
 - Try to work with them to use a plug-in that does something small or is only needed one time
- Submit individual feature requests to build what you want into the application
 - https://archivesspace.atlassian.net/wiki/spaces/ADC/pages/19202060/How+to+ Request+a+New+Feature





What if I can't use plug-ins?

- Build community support for what you want in the application
- Build community partnerships to convert a plug-in that does what you want to a standard distribution plug-in (the way the LCNAF plug-in works) or core code

ALSO

 The project management principles we outline next apply to any kind of project, and will come in handy no matter your specific situation with respect to plug-ins





Project management and plug-ins

- Project management: the key to any successful project
 - Identify the need
 - Put together a written plan of work
 - What happens in the application now?
 - What do you want to happen/what should it look like?
 - What are the ramifications?
 - Think about unintended consequences
 - Who's going to do the work and who's going to test it?
 - Work with stakeholders to build and test the plug-in
 - Involve the wider ArchivesSpace community when useful





Example: Customizing the MARC exporter

```
<record>
                                                                    <record>
 <leader>00000npc a2200000 u 4500</leader>
                                                                      <leader>00000npcaa2200000 i 4500</leader>
 <controlfield tag="008">180124i2018
                                                                      <controlfield tag="008">180124i2018
                     eng d</controlfield>
                                                                                          eng d</controlfield>
                                                                      dcu
 <datafield ind1=" " ind2=" " tag="852">
                                                                      <datafield ind1=" " ind2=" " tag="852">
   <subfield code="a">Repository Organization
                                                                        <subfield code="a">Code4Lib 2018</subfield>
   Agency Code</subfield>
                                                                        <subfield code="b">test database</subfield>
   <subfield code="b">test database</subfield>
                                                                        <subfield code="e">2500 Calvert St NW.
                                                                        Washington, DC 20008</subfield>
   <subfield code="c">xyz.1234.abc.890</subfield>
 </datafield>
                                                                        <subfield code="c">xyz.1234.abc.890</subfield>
 <datafield ind1=" " ind2=" " tag="040">
                                                                      </datafield>
   <subfield code="a">Repository Organization
                                                                      <datafield ind1=" " ind2=" " tag="040">
   Agency Code</subfield>
                                                                        <subfield code="a">psels</subfield>
   <subfield code="c">Repository Organization
                                                                        <subfield code="b">eng</subfield>
   Agency Code</subfield>
                                                                        <subfield code="c">psels</subfield>
   <subfield code="e">dacs</subfield>
                                                                        <subfield code="e">dacs</subfield>
 </datafield>
                                                                      </datafield>
```

Default exporter

Overridden exporter





Customizing the MARC exporter

- Exporters packaged with the application are necessarily non-specific in nature
- Exporters can be customized by overriding the defaults set in backend/app/exporters/models
- Create a plugin with custom settings with the following two files:
 - backend/model/custom-marc21-overrides.rb
 - backend/model/utils-marc-overrides.rb
- Copy the existing relevant exporter model from the core code and use it as your guide as you make overrides
 - Delete out any block you're not changing
 - Leave in and alter any blocks you are changing
 - Pro-tip: Comments are your friends.
- You can see what has been changed in the MARC exporter we're using here in the plug-in's <u>README.md</u>



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Customizing the MARC exporter

- Go to <u>https://github.com/lorawoodford/custom-</u> marc-exporter
- Navigate to archivesspace/plugins and either git clone or download and unzip custom-marc-exporter
- Add 'custom-marc-exporter' to config/config.rb UNder AppConfig[:plugins]
- Restart ArchivesSpace





Steps to create a plug-in

- Identify what change is required. Should the implementation be extended or overridden?
- Determine where implementation is in the code
- To override behavior, rather than extend it, match the path to the file that contains the behavior to be overridden.

```
NOTE: The name layout_head.html.erb is special: anything you put in a file under
```

will be inserted at the top of every page delivered by ArchivesSpace.





Plug-in directory structure

The directory structure within a plug-in is similar to the structure of the core application. The following shows the supported plug-in structure. Files contained in these directories can be used to override or extend the behavior of the core application.

```
local ..... Enabled by default
backend ..... Database and API
 controllers ..... backend endpoints
 model ..... database mapping models
 converters ..... classes for importing data
  job runners ...... classes for defining background jobs
 plugin init.rb ..... if present, loaded when the backend first starts
frontend ..... Staff Interface
 assets ...... static assets (such as images, javascript) in the staff interface
 controllers ..... controllers for the staff interface
 locales ..... locale translations for the staff interface
 views ..... templates for the staff interface
 plugin init.rb ..... if present, loaded when the staff interface first starts
public ..... Public User Interface
 assets ...... static assets (such as images, javascript) in the public interface
 controllers ..... controllers for the public interface
 locales ..... locale translations for the public interface
 views ..... templates for the public interface
 plugin init.rb ..... if present, loaded when the public interface first starts
migrations ..... Database migrations
schemas ..... JSONModel schema definitions
```

search definitions.rb Advanced search fields



How to enable the plug-in

- Plug-ins are enabled by placing them in the ArchivesSpace installation plugins directory and referencing them in the ArchivesSpace configuration, common/config/config.rb.
 - For example: AppConfig[:plugins] = ['local',
 'my_plugin']
- Note that the order that the plug-ins are listed in the :plugins configuration option determines the order in which they are loaded by the application. Be mindful of how plug-ins "play" together.
- Make sure that you uncomment the line with AppConfig[:plugins] =['local', 'my_plugin']





Getting help

- The ArchivesSpace community wants to help make your plug-in dreams come true
 - Core Committers
 - Users Group listserv and Google Group
- Slack channels, especially Archivists Working with Archival Data (shoesuntied.slack.com)
- Wider GitHub community





Getting a wider audience

- Think about whether your plug-in could be helpful beyond your own institution (most can!)
- If it can
 - Promote it via the listservs
 - Consider a write-up for a monthly update or blog post
 - Bring it up in an open call
 - Work with the community to make the case for it to be part of the standard distribution of ArchivesSpace or core code





Developer (and plug-in afficianado) resources

- https://github.com/archivesspace/archivesspace/blob/master/plugins/PLUGINS_README.md
- https://archivesspace.atlassian.net/wiki/spaces/ADC/pages/17137734/Plugins+and+S cripts
- http://campuspress.yale.edu/yalearchivesspace/category/what-archivesspace-does/
- http://libraryblogs.is.ed.ac.uk/librarylabs/tag/archivesspace/
- http://archival-integration.blogspot.com/2015/07/archivesspace-donor-detailsplugin.html
- https://guides.nyu.edu/archivesspace/development
- https://blogs.library.duke.edu/bitstreams/2016/09/21/archivesspace-api-fun/
- https://blogs.harvard.edu/archivaldescription/2017/01/26/spreadsheet_to_ead_to_as/
- https://rubyexample.com/user/djpillen
- https://library.osu.edu/blogs/it/category/archivesspace/
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hWP430Q5EWM
- Turning a plug-in into core code:
 https://archivesspace.atlassian.net/wiki/spaces/ADC/pages/349995159/Turning+an+ArchivesSpace+Plugin+into+Core+Code





Thank you!

Any questions?

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